

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a substance consisting of acid, water, artificial color, lemon-peel flavor, and artificial cloud and containing little or no lemon juice had been substituted in whole or in part for the article; and in that it was mixed and colored in a manner whereby inferiority was concealed.

Misbranding was alleged in that the following statements were false and misleading and tended to deceive and mislead the purchaser when applied to an article that contained little or no lemon juice: "Lemon \* \* \* Use Wherever Lemon Juice Is Required. Prepared With Materials Naturally Present In Imported and Domestic Lemons." It was alleged to be misbranded further in that it was an imitation of and was offered for sale under the distinctive name of another article, lemon juice.

On August 9, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**29308. Adulteration of maple sirup. U. S. v. 59 Drums of Maple Sirup. Product released under bond to be deleaded. (F. & D. No. 42376. Sample No. 25587-D.)**

This product contained lead.

On May 18, 1938, the United States attorney for the District of Vermont, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 59 drums of maple sirup at St. Johnsbury, Vt.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 28, 1938, by Walter Marshall from Stamford, N. Y.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On July 2, 1938, Walter Marshall, Northumberland, N. H., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released under bond, conditioned that it be deleaded and all injurious ingredients removed under the supervision of this Department.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**29309. Adulteration of maple sirup. U. S. v. 35 Drums of Maple Sirup. Product ordered released under bond to be deleaded. (F. & D. No. 42288. Sample No. 9440-D.)**

This product contained lead.

On May 17, 1938, the United States attorney for the District of Vermont, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 35 drums of maple sirup at St. Johnsbury, Vt.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 7, 1938, by F. W. Embt & Son from Varysburg, N. Y.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On June 24, 1938, F. W. Embt, Varysburg, N. Y., having appeared as claimant and having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released under bond, conditioned that it be deleaded and all injurious ingredients removed under the supervision of this Department.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**29310. Adulteration of maple sirup. U. S. v. 78 Drums of Maple Sirup. Product ordered released under bond to be deleaded. (F. & D. No. 42414. Sample No. 12390-D.)**

This product contained lead.

On May 19, 1938, the United States attorney for the District of Vermont, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 78 drums of maple sirup at St. Johnsbury, Vt.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 29, 1938, by Fairfield Farms Maple Co. from Croghan, N. Y.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.